University Budget Forums

March 30 and 31, 2023



Why are we here: enrollment impacts of COVID-19

WA State only funds a portion of cost increases and Western must rely on growing tuition revenues to cover the rest.

> Total enrollments at WWU are down 9% from 2019, reducing our tuition revenues.

> > Costs are growing faster than tuition revenues and state appropriations can support.



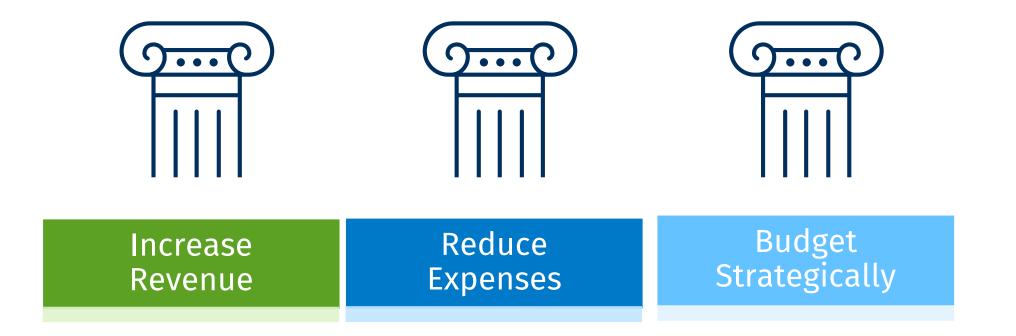
Recurring State Revenues & Budget

Are recurring revenues sufficient to fund recurring budget plan?

	2022	2021
Student Tuition Operating Fees (Tuition Revenues only*)	\$91,678,536	\$88,115,021
State Operating Appropriations	\$98,338,804	\$95,979,448
Total Recurring Revenues	\$190,017,340	\$ 184,094,469
Operating Budget Book Recurring Budget	\$198,504,308	\$195,236,009
Recurring revenues below budget plan	(\$8,486,968)	(\$11,141,540)

*Excludes dedicated fee revenues, such as course fees, application fees, and self-sustaining revenues, which are not included in state operating budget.





Our Approach

Increase Revenue

- Grow enrollment to pre-pandemic levels
- Retention of current students
- Enrollments at all sites, including Peninsulas and Outreach and Continuing Education
- Grants and research
- Private giving

Our Approach

Reduce Expenses

- Short term strategies
 - Restrict purchasing and travel
 - Capture vacancy savings
 - Reduce contingency budget
 - Review open positions
 - Recapture new state funding for one-time savings
- 3% reduction to base budget

Our Approach



Budget Strategically

- Reallocate base budget to strategic priorities
- Consider what we can stop doing
- Move from incremental approach to data-based approach

Questions